

Alcatel-Lucent

7705 Service Aggregation Router

Installation, Provisioning, and Commissioning Checklist, Release 6.1

Overview

This checklist assumes you have read the applicable installation guide for your product and understand its procedures, including notes, warnings, cautions, and dangers.

The “Installation, Provisioning, and Commissioning Checklist, Release 6.1” table lists high-level items to install, provision, and commission a 7705 SAR. Not all items apply to all installations.

Some of the important general considerations and reminders are listed below:

- conform to country and local standards and practices with respect to mandatory regulations such as electrical, safety, and environmental regulations
- wear an anti-static wrist strap while installing the chassis and other hardware components
- ensure that any wires and leads prepared by an installer conform to local safety practices (for example, ground wires and DC power leads)
- ensure that outdoor installation sites provide proper protection from the environment, including corrosive conditions
- dispose of hazardous materials according to local standards
- lift the 7705 SAR chassis by the bottom when installing in a rack
- if a router is not rack-mounted, do not stack any other object on top of it
- leave appropriate space around a rack-mounted 7705 SAR for proper airflow
- ensure that empty slots have a filler plate installed
- test cables as part of the installation process
- observe proper handling of fiber-optic cables
- do not look directly into a fiber-optic connector
- product support—URL to OLCS: <http://support.alcatel-lucent.com/> or <http://www.alcatel-lucent.com/myaccess>

To access documentation and software downloads: see the OLCS instruction sheet (p/n 3HE 04217 AAAB TQZZA Ed. 02), shipped with the router, for information about account registration, authentication, and Alcatel-Lucent SLA or warranty agreement access.

To contact support personnel: if you purchased a service agreement from a distributor or authorized reseller, contact the distributor or reseller for assistance. If you have an Alcatel-Lucent service agreement, check the links above for instructions.



Installing, Provisioning, and Commissioning

Table 1: Installing, Provisioning, and Commissioning a 7705 SAR System

Item		SAR-A	SAR-F	SAR-H	SAR-Hc	SAR-M	SAR-O	SAR-W	SAR-Wx	SAR-8	SAR-18
Prepare the site											
1	Inspect the location for environmental appropriateness (Refer to Installation Site Assessment and Site Assessment Checklists for more information)	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y
2	Inspect the location for proper power source, ground, and disconnect devices	y	y	y	y	y	y ⁽¹⁾	y	y	y	y
3	Measure distances for required cabling	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y
Install the chassis (choose one method of installation if multiple methods are available)											
4	Unpack the chassis	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y
5	If installing the chassis in a non-standard configuration, attach the required mounting brackets to the chassis before installing the chassis ⁽²⁾	n	n	y	y	n	y ⁽³⁾	y ⁽³⁾	y	n	n
6	Install the chassis in a rack	y	y	y	n	y	n	n	n	y	y
7	Install the chassis on a pole	n	n	n	n	n	y	y	y	n	n

Table 1: Installing, Provisioning, and Commissioning a 7705 SAR System (Continued)

Item		SAR-A	SAR-F	SAR-H	SAR-Hc	SAR-M	SAR-O	SAR-W	SAR-Wx	SAR-8	SAR-18
8	Install the chassis on a wall or panel	n	n	y	y	n	y	y	y	n	n
9	Install the chassis on a DIN rail	n	n	n	y	n	n	n	n	n	n
10	Install the chassis on a cable strand	n	n	n	n	n	n	y	y	n	n
11	(option) Unpack and install the external PoE Power Supply in a rack or on a wall	n	n	y	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
12	(option) Unpack and install the 100W High Voltage Power Supply	y	y	n	y	y	n	n	n	n	n
13	(option) Install the GPS antenna on the chassis ⁽⁴⁾ , pole, or mast	n	n	y ⁽⁵⁾	n	n	n	n	y ⁽⁵⁾	n	n
14	(option) Install the DC Surge Protection Kit ⁽⁶⁾	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	y	y
Ground the chassis											
15	Prepare the ground wire	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y
16	Attach the ground wire to the ground lug	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y
Connect DC power (item 17, item 18, or item 19)											
17	Connect –48/–60 VDC power feeds	y	y	y	y	y	n	y	n	y	y
18	Connect +24 VDC power feeds	n	y	y	y	y	n	y	n	y	n

Table 1: Installing, Provisioning, and Commissioning a 7705 SAR System (Continued)

Item		SAR-A	SAR-F	SAR-H	SAR-Hc	SAR-M	SAR-O	SAR-W	SAR-Wx	SAR-8	SAR-18
19	Connect 110-250 VDC power feeds	n	n	y	n	n	n	n	y	n	n
Connect AC power (for a chassis using an AC power source) (item 20, item 21, or item 22)											
20	Connect the 250W AC power converter to –48 VDC systems	y	y	n	n	y	n	n	n	y	n
21	Connect a 100W High Voltage Power Supply to –48 VDC systems	y	y	n	y	y	n	n	n	n	n
22	Connect AC mains power	n	n	y	n	n	n	y	y	n	n
23	Install surge protection on the AC port using a PDU or external SPD	n	n	n	n	n	n	y	y	n	n
Install the components											
24	Install the fan module	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	y	y
25	Install the fan filter	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	y
26	(option) Replace the factory-installed compact flash #3 (CF3) on CSM(s) with a larger-capacity CF	n	n	y	n	n	n	n	n	y	y
27	(option) Install CF1 and CF2 in their faceplate slots	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	y
28	Install CSM(s)	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	y	y
29	Install the alarm module	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	y
30	Install the adapter cards	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	y	y

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Item		SAR-A	SAR-F	SAR-H	SAR-Hc	SAR-M	SAR-O	SAR-W	SAR-Wx	SAR-8	SAR-18
31	Install the modules	n	n	y	n	y	n	n	n	n	n
32	Install the filler plates	n	n	y	n	y	n	n	n	y	y
33	Install the SFPs	y	y	y	y	y	n	y	y	y	y
34	Install the Distribution panels (includes grounding)	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	y	y
Connect the cables											
35	Install appropriate field cable kits to make weatherproof connections for optical and electrical cables	n	n	n	n	n	y	y	y	n	n
36	Securely cap unused connectors	n	n	n	n	n	y	y	y	n	n
37	Connect Ethernet and copper cables	y	y	y	y	y	n	y	y	y	y
38	Connect fiber cables	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y	y
39	Install surge protection on GPS antenna connection	n	n	y ⁽⁵⁾	n	n	n	n	y ⁽⁵⁾	n	n
40	Connect GPS antenna cable	n	n	y	n	n	n	n	y ⁽⁵⁾	n	n
41	Install surge protection on PoE ports; recommended for aerial installations	n	n	n	n	n	n	y	y	y ⁽⁷⁾	y ⁽⁷⁾
42	Connect PoE Power Supply cable	n	n	y	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
43	Make shield ground connections	y	y	y	y	y	n	y	y	y	y

Table 1: Installing, Provisioning, and Commissioning a 7705 SAR System (Continued)

Item		SAR-A	SAR-F	SAR-H	SAR-Hc	SAR-M	SAR-O	SAR-W	SAR-Wx	SAR-8	SAR-18
44	Make T3/E3 SFP connections	n	y	n	n	y	n	n	n	y	y
45	Make DS3/E3 connections	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	y	y
46	Make E&M connections	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	y	y
47	(option) Remove cable management guide(s)	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	y
48	Make external alarms port connections	n	y	y	y	y	n	y	y	y	y
49	Make auxiliary alarm card connections	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	y	y
50	Identify wire groupings for T1/E1 cables (by color)	n	n	y ⁽⁸⁾	n	n	n	n	n	y	y
51	Make external sync 1.0/2.3 coaxial connections	y	y	y	n	y	n	n	n	y	n
52	Make external sync RJ-45 BITS connections	y	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	y
53	Make external sync IRIG-B connections	n	n	y	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
Initialize and provision											
54	Power up and verify the initialization	y	y	y	y	y	n	y	y	y	y
55	Connect an ASCII terminal or terminal emulator to the console port	y	y	y	y	y	n	y	y	y	y
56	Troubleshoot initial startup	y	y	y	y	y	n	y	y	y	y

Table 1: Installing, Provisioning, and Commissioning a 7705 SAR System (Continued)

Item		SAR-A	SAR-F	SAR-H	SAR-Hc	SAR-M	SAR-O	SAR-W	SAR-Wx	SAR-8	SAR-18
57	(option) Initialize using Auto Discovery Protocol (ADP)	y	y	y	y	y	n	y	y	y	y
58	Assign an IP address to the management port	y	y	y	y	y	n	y	y	y	y
59	Configure static routes in the Boot Option File (BOF)	y	y	y	y	y	n	y	y	y	y
60	Connect to the management port (local or network)	y	y	y	y	y	n	y	y	y	y
61	Run a Telnet or SSH session	y	y	y	y	y	n	y	y	y	y
62	Configure in-band management access	n	n	n	n	n	n	y	n	n	n
Commission the system											
63	Configure the IOM on the CSM(s)	n ⁽⁹⁾	n ⁽⁹⁾	n ⁽⁹⁾	n ⁽⁹⁾	n ⁽⁹⁾	n	n ⁽⁹⁾	n ⁽⁹⁾	y	y
64	Configure the MDAs (adapter cards)	n ⁽⁹⁾	n ⁽⁹⁾	n ⁽⁹⁾	n ⁽⁹⁾	n ⁽⁹⁾	n	n ⁽⁹⁾	n ⁽⁹⁾	y	y
65	Configure the modules	n	n	y	n	y	n	n	n	n	n
66	Configure SNMP	y	y	y	y	y	n	y	y	y	y
67	Set the router name, date, and time	y	y	y	y	y	n	y	y	y	y

Table 1: Installing, Provisioning, and Commissioning a 7705 SAR System (Continued)

Item		SAR-A	SAR-F	SAR-H	SAR-Hc	SAR-M	SAR-O	SAR-W	SAR-Wx	SAR-8	SAR-18
68	Configure synchronization	y	y	y	y	y	n	y	y	y	y
69	Configure an NTP server	y	y	y	y	y	n	y	y	y	y
70	Configure security	y	y	y	y	y	n	y	y	y	y
71	Create initial users for node commissioning	y	y	y	y	y	n	y	y	y	y
72	Configure an OAM reference point	y	y	y	y	y	n	y	y	y	y
Verify the system											
73	Check alarms	y	y	y	y	y	n	y	y	y	y

- Notes:
- (1) Applies to the grounding requirement only.
 - (2) Standard installation configuration consists of forward-facing flush-mount installation in a 19-inch equipment rack.
 - (3) If installing a SAR-O or SAR-W on a wall or pole, install the bracket on the wall or pole first, then install the SAR-O or SAR-W in the bracket.
 - (4) Applies to SAR-W variants equipped with GPS receivers only.
 - (5) Applies to units equipped with a GPS receiver or GPS Receiver module only.
 - (6) For IEEE 1613 and IEC 61850-3 compliance.
 - (7) Applies to the Power Injector Card only.
 - (8) Applies to units equipped with a 4-port T1/E1 and RS-232 Combination module only.
 - (9) The IOM and MDAs are preconfigured by the 7705 SAR and are not user-configurable.

Installation Site Assessment

Before installing equipment at a site, the characteristics of the site should be considered to determine whether they will adversely affect the reliability of the equipment. The following section discusses some of the site factors to consider prior to deploying equipment.

Geographical Location

Different geographical locations carry different risk factors. For example, coastal installations with prevailing winds from the sea may be affected by Airborne Sea Salt Particles (ASSP), which can be carried many kilometers inland. As well, installations near ancient seabeds that have very high levels of salt in the soil may be affected by ASSP during windy drought conditions. Mountainous regions near coasts cause unique fog conditions. High humidity environments often cross dew point thresholds at night.

Consider whether the installation site is in an area that has the potential to experience any of the following seasonal influences: hurricanes, cyclones, tidal or river flooding, recent volcanic activity, or forest fires.

Examine the local surrounding environment of the installation site for proximity to possible sources of contaminants that may cause or accelerate corrosion, especially in the presence of high humidity.

Possible sources of contaminants include: landfills, fertilizer manufacturing, farming, sewage, geothermal activity, swamps or marshes, oceans, ancient seabeds, power generation, automotive and diesel combustion, fossil fuel processing, cement plants, construction sites, steel blast furnaces, steel electric furnaces, coke plants, pulp manufacturing, chlorine plants, rubber manufacturing, paint manufacturing, aluminum manufacturing, ore smelting, tobacco smoke, and battery manufacturing.

If there is any uncertainty surrounding the concentration of various contaminants at the installation site, then Corrosion Classification Coupons may be used to classify the severity of the environment according to the standard ISA 71.04.

Installation Site Type

The site must provide the appropriate environment for the installed equipment. This usually involves controlling ingress of contaminants and ensuring that humidity remains as low as possible.

Installations are typically in a hut, parking garage, room, or cabinet. Installation in data centers or telecom centers do not usually have high pollution levels but could still have high humidity levels.

Room

Is the room connected to the heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) system of the building? What protection is there to prevent ingress of dust, pollution, and humidity? To seal the environment properly, ensure that any doors, windows, vents, holes, or conduits are sealed or gasketed appropriately to ensure that the HVAC system can control the environment. These must be checked as part of routine site maintenance.

If outside air is brought in for ventilation, does it pass through a filter? What is the type and rating of the filter? Filters can help but the type of filter must be appropriate for the pollutants you are trying to exclude. For example, a standard fiberglass type air filter only prevents large debris and dirt from entering, but will do nothing to prevent entry of small particles (such as ASSP), humid air or gaseous contaminants. It is important to understand the local conditions and consider what type of filtering is most appropriate. Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) charts may serve as a good source to understand particle sizes and filter options.

One simple yet effective way to keep pollutants out is to ensure that positive pressure is maintained inside the room or cabinet as compared to the outside by having fans blowing properly filtered air into the room.

Does the site have an air conditioner or dehumidifier? Is the rating and capacity adequate for the space? Where does the dehumidifier or air conditioner water drainage go?

Humidity reduction is one of the key elements in corrosion control. Air conditioners and dehumidifiers are recommended to reduce local relative humidity at the site. Another method is to keep the temperature in the cabinet high enough to maintain the relative humidity at less than 50%. Condensate, if allowed to stay in the site or enclosure, will evaporate over time and lead to higher relative humidity and corrosion.

• **Cabinet**

There are 3 major classifications of cabinets.

1. Direct Air Cooled (DAC) cabinets bring air into the cabinet to cool the equipment. DAC cabinets may or may not be filtered. Unfiltered air intake and exhaust is not recommended since issues will occur if unfiltered air is allowed into the cabinet. The ideal filter is a hydrophobic filter (GORE) since it filters particles smaller than 1 micron. Hydrophobic filters will prevent passage of water droplets but still allow water vapor to pass. Some chemical pollutants may require carbon or other types of filters particularly suited to the type of pollution.
2. Heat Exchange (HEX) cabinets use a sealed cabinet and a heat exchanger to withdraw heat from the cabinet interior without bringing outside air into the cabinet. This results in no contamination influx and low humidity within the cabinet.
3. Air Conditioned (AC) cabinets use a mechanical or Thermal Electric Cooling (TEC) refrigeration unit to handle higher levels of heat in high-power installations. AC implementation is similar to HEX since the cabinet should be sealed. Proper AC implementation should never allow unfiltered air into the cabinet interior.

Site Influences

Is backup power generation located in the same area as the communications equipment? Are batteries located in the same area as the equipment?

Backup generators that are located in the same enclosed area as the communications equipment may cause a great deal of site pollution, such as nitrous oxides and hydrogen sulphides, which can be detrimental to the long-term reliability and performance of equipment. A best practice is to house motor generator sets in a separate enclosure from the communications equipment. Batteries will outgas during charge and discharge cycles. These gases are very corrosive and may also be explosive in sufficient concentration. Batteries should always be housed in a properly vented enclosure or compartment, separate from the communications equipment.

Is the equipment located above the water grade? Is there adequate water drainage and leak controls?

Many areas are prone to flooding during rainy season or spring thaws, and it is important for the site to be located above typically anticipated flood levels, or to have sump pumps to keep the installation site dry. Drainage with backflow preventers should be installed if the site has provision for water sources, such as cooling towers.

What protection is there to prevent entry of insects, pests, and vermin?

Pests and vermin such as insects, mice, and spiders prefer warm, sheltered areas. All entries into the enclosure or shelter should be appropriately sealed and regularly maintained.

Site Assessment Checklists

The following site assessment checklists are intended to act as a tool in assessing the potential risks that must be managed at an installation site. The checklists are not intended to provide an exhaustive list of all risk factors, but rather to indicate some of the most common risks.

The first two checklists indicate environmental factors that may result in malfunctioning or failing equipment if the installation site is not appropriately deployed and maintained to counteract the detrimental effects of the environment. For each risk factor that is present, you must consider how to best design the installation site to avoid the negative effects of the risk factor. For the final checklist, any question that is answered in the negative indicates that measures must be taken to correct the installation site appropriately to reduce the risk of equipment damage.

Seasonal Influences

Is the installation site in an area with the potential to experience any of these seasonal influences?

Checklist 1: Seasonal Influences

Influence	Yes	No
Hurricanes		
Cyclones		
Tidal or river flooding		
Recent volcanic activity		
Forest fires		

Local Risk Factors

Is the local surrounding environment of the installation site in proximity to possible sources of contaminants or other risk factors that may cause or accelerate corrosion?

Checklist 2: Local Risk Factors

Risk Factor	Yes	No
Landfills		
Fertilizer manufacturing		
Farming		
Sewage		
Geothermal activity		
Swamps or marshes		
Oceans		
Ancient seabeds		
Power generation		
Automotive and diesel combustion		
Fossil fuel processing		
Cement plants		
Construction sites		
Steel blast furnaces		
Steel electric furnaces		
Coke plants		
Pulp and paper manufacturing		
Chlorine plants		
Rubber manufacturing		
Paint manufacturing		
Aluminum manufacturing		
Ore smelting		

Checklist 2: Local Risk Factors (Continued)

Risk Factor	Yes	No
Tobacco smoke		
Battery manufacturing		
Mountains near a coastline		
High humidity regions		
Fossil fuel use, such as open fires used by locals for cooking or burning farming byproducts		

Specific Characteristics of the Installation Site

Does the installation site exhibit characteristics that may require upgrade or repair?

Checklist 3: Specific Characteristics of the Installation Site

Characteristic	Yes	No
Is the installation site in a room that is part of the building HVAC system?		
Does the installation site have protection to prevent ingress of dust?		
Does the installation site have protection to prevent ingress of pollution?		
Does the installation site have protection to prevent ingress of humidity?		
If outside air is brought in for ventilation, does it pass through a filter?		
If outside air is brought in for ventilation through a filter, is the type and rating of the filter appropriate to the environmental conditions?		
Does the site have an air conditioner?		
Is the rating and capacity adequate for the space?		
Is there proper drainage of water from the air conditioner?		
Does the site have a dehumidifier?		
Is the rating and capacity adequate for the space?		
Is there proper drainage of water from the dehumidifier?		
Is backup power generation located in a separate area from the communications equipment?		
Are batteries located in a separate area from the communications equipment?		
Is the equipment located above the water grade?		
Are there adequate water drainage and leak controls?		
Is there protection present to prevent entry of insects, pests, and vermin?		

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